Patent Claims

- 1. Method for the conversion of a cytosine base, in a nucleic acid to an uracil base comprising:
 - a) providing a solution that contains a nucleic acid,
 - b) providing guanidinium hydrogen sulfite and preparing a solution comprising guanidinum and sulfite ions,
 - c) mixing the solutions from step a) and b),
 - d) incubating the solution obtained in step c) containing the nucleic acid and guanidinium and sulfite ions whereby the nucleic acid is deaminated,
 - e) incubating the deaminated nucleic acid under alkaline conditions whereby the deaminated nucleic acid is desulfonated, and
 - f) isolating the deaminated nucleic acid.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the concentration of guanidinium ions and sulfite ions is between 0.1 to 8 M.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the pH of the solutions in step b) and c) is less than 7.0.
- 4. The method according to claim 1, characterized in that the incubation temperature in step d) and e) is between 0 °C and 90 °C.
- 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein the incubation time in step d) is between 30 min to and 48 hours.
- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein step e) is performed by adding an alkaline solution or buffer, or a solution containing ethanol, sodium chloride and sodium hydroxide.
- 7. The method according to claim 1, wherein the incubation temperature in step e) is between 0 °C and 90 °C.
- 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein the incubation time in step e) is between 5 min and 60 min.
- 9-12 Canceled.

- 13. A kit containing guanidinium hydrogen sulfite and plasticware for performing a reaction in which a cytosine base in a nucleic acid is converted to a uracil base.
- 14 Canceled.